

CS 6323 PROBLEM SET: PROBABILITY, GRAPH THEORY, NETWORK TOPOLOGY

- Consider three events: A, B, C.
 - $\Pr(A) = \Pr(B) = \Pr(C) = 1/5$
 - $\Pr(A,C) = \Pr(B,C) = 1/25$, $\Pr(A,B) = 1/10$
 - $\Pr(A,B,C) = 1/125$
 - Are A, B independent?
 - Are A, B conditionally independent given C?
- Consider two binary-valued events, R: It is a rainy day, W: The grass is wet. We have priors for $\Pr(R) = (0.8, 0.2)$, and a conditional probability table $\Pr(W|R)$, as given below. Compute $\Pr(R|W)$.

$\Pr(W R)$	R	$\neg R$
W	0.7	0.4
$\neg W$	0.3	0.6

- Consider three events: R (rain), W (grass is wet), U (bring umbrella). We have We have priors for $\Pr(R) = (0.8, 0.2)$, and conditional probability tables for $\Pr(W|R)$ and $\Pr(U|R)$, as given below.

$\Pr(W R)$	R	$\neg R$
W	0.7	0.4
$\neg W$	0.3	0.6

$\Pr(U R)$	R	$\neg R$
U	0.9	0.2
$\neg U$	0.1	0.8

Compute the following:

- $\Pr(W)$
 - $\Pr(U|W)$
- The **distance** between two vertices in a graph is the number of edges in a shortest path connecting them.
 - Compute the mean distance of the graph below.
 - Compute the graph diameter, i.e., the greatest distance between any two vertices.

